- 1. Who presented the multiple intelligence theory? Harvard Gardner
- 2. How many levels Bloom's taxonomy? 6
- 3. What is concept map? Graphic organization
- 4. Sentence formation is a prerequisite for paragraph.
- 5. Teacher identifies classroom assessment criteria.
- 6. Art of developing logical plan for instructional activities is called? "Sequencing"
- 7. Methods are also identified in...? "Instructional planning"
- 8. Good Textbooks provide sequence? "Structured sequence of lessons"
- 9. Knowledge has forms? "Two"
- 10. Knowledge is something that is learnt by reflecting, acting on something is called? "Subjective"
- 11. A child knows about own cogitation is called? "Metacognitive knowledge"
- 12. Memorized things in? "Facts"
- 13. Task analysis model is a very important model as it helps the teacher to identify **prerequisites.**
- 14. The process of setting goals, developing strategies is **planning**.
- 15. We discuss criteria and method in **evaluation.**
- 16. The individualized part of IEP means that the plan has to be tailored specifically to your child's special needs.
- 17.A unit plan is a hierarchy of lesson plans.
- 18.Methods are also identified in instructional planning Student-oriented.
- **19.IEP** is basically an extended adaptation of a lesson plan.
- 20.We can remember those things which are connected with our prior learning.
- 21.Adolescence is a time of profound brain growth.
- 22.Advance organizer model is based upon deductive learning.
- 23.Nonlinear fashion focus on process
- 24.Brainstorming is a common tool to describe a thing
- 25. The white hat in the De Bono's six thinking hats signifies information known or needed
- 26. Teacher model skill in direct instruction
- 27.Network integration is created among group of students
- 28. Teacher role is minimized in <u>unguided</u> inquiry
- 29.In United States, pre-school is named as pre K
- 30.Gatekeeper equalizes participation
- 31.Generative topics actually make <u>connections</u>
- 32.Divergent thinking is outside the box thinking
- 33. The learning of <u>core concepts</u> is lifetime
- 34.Different countries have different age levels of formal education
- 35. Children can come up with different ideas and teachings must accept all ideas

- 36.Children construct their own knowledge
- 37.Our teachers do not focus on core concept
- 38.Objects must be in the form that it can be measured
- 39.British preschool name Nursery School or simply "nursery"
- 40.United States preschool name pre-school and pre K
- 41.Child is a natural discoverer. Bruner
- 42.By the three, a child has TWICE as many brain connections
- 43.In order to start working, the cells need to <u>communicate</u> with each other
- 44.A research was conducted and it was reported that teachers mostly focus hemisphere of children.
- 45.For creativity divergent thinking is very important.
- 46.Different types of -functions occurs in the left and right hemisphere. <u>Mental</u> (Lec22)
- 47. The networked methodology of integration is Student centered (Lec 27)
- 48.Asking question is a <u>Skill</u> (Lec 20)
- 49.Brain development continues till the age of $\frac{8}{2}$ (Lec 23)
- 50.We can remember those things which are concerned with our <u>Right side memory</u> (Lec 22)
- 51.Adolescence is a time of profound brain growth. (Lec 26)
- 52.Integration means putting things <u>Together</u> (Lec 27)
- 53.Advance organizer model is based upon <u>Deductive learning</u> (Lec 21)
- 54.Case method is a very good approach to know problem solving. (Lec 28)
- 55.Pedagogy means how to teach Students/
- 56.Core concepts are declarative knowledge
- 57.Development cannot be separated from the social context in which it occurs
- 58.Development of gross motor skills is very important in preschool or early childhood education
- 59.Children construct their own knowledge.
- 60.John dewy says that there is no such profession where <u>knowledge</u> is separable from doing or practice.
- 61.Application of core concepts in new level is important
- 62.In left hemisphere there is logical thinking. Verbal intelligence and convergent thinking
- 63. Teachers want to teach in <u>depth</u> but want to cover the syllabus too
- 64.Curriculum is a dead thing teacher's give life to it.
- 65.<u>Researchers</u> use the word discourse for discussion
- 66. Teachers must provide the students with opportunities to discover things
- 67.Performance assessment can be used to measure student's problem solving potential as well as group
- 68.Knowledge can be assessed through written tests
- 69.Usually we do not question our tradition and authority
- 70.Wait time is <u>thinking</u> time

71. The last level of Maslow's hierarchy of need is Self-actualization

72.Socratic Method is the example of discussion method

73Edison invented the bulb

74.Projects tend to be multidimensional

75.Different types of <u>mental</u> functions occur in the left and right hemisphere. (Lec22)

76.Pedagogy means how to teach children.

77.Adolescence is a time of profound brain growth. (Lec 26)

78.Advance organizer model is based upon <u>Deductive learning</u>. (Lec 21)

79.Case method is a very good approach to know problem solving. (Lec 28)

80.Andragogy means how _ learn. Adults

81.Beyer says that critical thinking has <u>two</u> important dimensions.

82. The inquiry learning cannot be rushed

83.Learners are responsible for planning. Conducting and evaluating their own effort

84.Process of assimilation leads to consideration of new options and points of view

85. <u>Assimilation</u> leads to consideration of new options and points of view

86.According to Kolb (1984), learning is a process of a combination of grasping experience and transforming it.

87.Curious observation is the start of the *inductive process*

88.Students love integrated curriculum

89. What type of goodwill message is most likely to use an RSVP? Condolence, invitation, appreciation, holiday greeting,

90.Generative topics actually make <u>schemes</u>, <u>connections</u>, procedure or assessments

91.Schooling average age.... 4/3

92.we are concerned by student.... achievement. Team

93.Understand is in.... Level. First/ conceptual

94..... focus discussion and disposition.

95. Scientific method.... research. Roots/Psychology/authentic

<u>96.Theory</u> can be falsified.

97.Art of developing logical plan for instructional activities is called? "Sequencing"

98.Methods are also identified in...? "Instructional planning"

99.Good Textbooks provide sequence? "Structured"

100.Knowledge has forms? "Two"

101.Knowledge is something that is learnt by reflecting, acting on something is called?"Subjective"

102.A child knows about own cogitation is called? "Metacognitive knowledge"

103.Memorized things in? "Facts"

104. Give a theory of multiple intelligence? "Howard Gardner"

Quiz 2

| 105. There are different to do different things. Mechanics (page 77) |
|--|
| 106is the title of the whole unit. Unit Subject (page 102) |
| 107 comes from curriculam planning. Holistic vision (page 89) |
| 108There are Foundation of curriculam. Three (page 89) |
| 109 is the level of understanding. comprehension (page 67) |
| 110The domain encompasses objectivies that deal with recall or recongnition of knowledge.cognitive |
| 111.Init include link between standard benchmarks learning outcomes and intructional objectives. Vertical (page 88) |
| 112. Hierchy of affective domain was developed bt Bloom and karthwohl in 1964 (page74) |
| 113. The first three level of congnitve domain are called as lower level of learning (page 75) |
| 114. The last three level of Bloom texnomy congnitive domain are called ashigher level of learning (page 75) |
| 115 is a learning style in which learning takes place by the student carrying out physical acitivity. |
| Kinesthetic learning |
| 116. Mechanism indicate that child ato do task by the following its mechanism. Independent |
| 117. Who gave the theory of multiple intelligence Harvard Gardner's |
| 118. Terms in revised Bloom taxonomy were changed from noun to |
| 119 Is the knowledge that is declared in books, research paper or newspaper $ {f Declarative knowledge}$ |
| 120. The term Is used while explaining multiple diversity among people dyslexia |
| 121 is the knowledge is more or less equivalent to Bloom knowledge category of learning outcomes procedural Delecrative |
| 122. The objective students will compare and contrast the cognitive and affective domain is an example ofis the level of cognitive domain analysis level |
| 123. Ineducation no formal certification is given at the end. Informal |
| 124 means problems with reading, writing spelling symbols and numbers because the brain misinteruupts what it sees (visiual) and hears Dyslexia means |
| 125. Teaching is aprofession. Noble |
| 126. Students test indicate their Learning |
| 127. Learning isa by nature Social |
| 128. There are types of instructional planning that are commonly used in school. Six |
| 129."Write an appropriate tile for the text is an example ofcognitive domain. Synthesis level |
| 130. Delecrative knowledge is more or less equivalent to Bloom category of learning outcome. compehension |
| 131. Teacher is more interested in instead of conceptual change covering the sylbus |

132.A teacher must useresources in a class low cast

133.... Is knowledge is a step ahead of declarative knowledge **Procedural knowledge:**